

1801 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20006

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March 1, 1996

Mr. William F. Caton
Secretary
Federal communications Commission
Room 222
1919 M Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20554

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FECERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION
OFFICE OF SECRETARY

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RE: In the Matter of 1996 Annual Access Tariff Filing, CC Docket No. 87-313 and DA 96-28; and Treatment of Video Dialtone Service Under Price Cap Regulation, CC Docket No. 94-1

Dear Mr. Caton:

Enclosed herewith for filing are the original and five (5) copies of MCI Telecommunications Corporation's Comments regarding the above-captioned matter.

Please acknowledge receipt by affixing an appropriate notation on the copy of the MCI Comments furnished for such purpose and remit same to the bearer.

Sincerely,

Lawrence Fenster

Senior Regulatory Analyst

Coursee Juster

Enclosure

Before the FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION Washington, DC 20554

In the Matter of

1996 Annual Access Tariff Filing

CC Docket No. 87-313

DA 96-28

Treatment of Video Dialtone Service

DOCKET FILE COPY ORIGINAL

CC Docket No. 94

MCI COMMENTS

I. Introduction

Under Price Cap Regulation

Bell Atlantic has petitioned the Commission to waive its requirement that Bell Atlantic establish a separate price cap basket for Bell Atlantic's Video Dialtone Service offering in Dover Township. Bell Atlantic contends that the Telecommunications Act of 1996 (1996 Act) invalidates video dialtone regulation in toto. Consequently, it contends the Commission's separate price cap basket requirement for video dialtone service is invalid. Nevertheless, Bell Atlantic requests a waiver from this requirement since it also contends that: a) it is not able to calculate either its Price Cap Index (PCI) or its Actual Price Index (API) for its video dialtone service; and b) the Order mandating a separate price cap basket "is subject to a requirement that the size of the video dialtone service offering exceed a de minimis threshold level."

¹Bell Atlantic Petition, p. 2.

MCI recommends the Commission partially grant Bell Atlantic's petition by permitting a waiver of its price cap rules for the purpose of calculating a PCI and API for the 1996 annual access tariff filing, and to reject all other assertions made by Bell Atlantic. First, the 1996 Act does not invalidate Commission rules requiring a separate video dialtone price cap basket. Second, the Commission intended the price cap rules and regulations adopted in CC Docket 94-1 to apply immediately to the LECs, regardless of the level of demand. The Commission only intended to delay computation of LEC's interstate earnings for purposes of sharing and low-end adjustments until video dialtone costs exceeded a minimum level.

II. Impact Of The Telecommunications Act Of 1996

In support of its first argument, that the 1996 Act has immediately terminated the Commission's video dialtone rules, Bell Atlantic cites the following language:

The Commission's regulations and policies with respect to video dialtone requirements issued in CC Docket No. 87-266 shall cease to be effective on the date of enactment of this Act. This paragraph shall not be construed to require the termination of any video-dialtone system that the Commission has approved before the date of enactment of this Act.²

This language does not support Bell Atlantic's contention that the 1996 Act has terminated all video dialtone regulations. The 1996 Act's abrogation of regulations adopted in CC Docket No. 87-266, permits telephone companies to offer video services over their own facilities.³ This section of the 1996 Act does not mean that regulations adopted in other dockets may not be adopted as part of the Commission's Open Video

²1996 Act at §302(b)(3).

³ <u>See</u> Second Report and Order, Recommendation to Congress, and Second Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, 7 FCC Rcd 5781 (1992).

Systems Rulemaking. Moreover, the 1996 Act does not eliminate the rules and regulations the Commission adopted in CC Docket 94-1, which among other things:

- 1. established a separate video dialtone price cap basket;
- 2. assigned a zero productivity factor;
- 3. set the initial price cap index to reflect existing tariffed rates for video dialtone service, and
- 4. required LECs to segregate video dialtone costs.

These regulations remain valid for approved video dialtone systems such as Dover Township, as long as they remain video dialtone systems, or until the Commission adopts new rules governing open video systems. The quote above makes clear that Congress did not intend to eliminate existing video dialtone systems, nor did it intend to immediately eliminate all Commission regulations governing those systems. The 1996 Act does require the Commission to adopt new rules governing open video systems within 6 months. However, subject to reduced regulatory burdens for Open Video Systems, the Commission is free to affirm regulation(s) it may have already adopted in CC Docket 94-1, including for example, a separate price cap basket, and segregated video costs as mechanisms for establishing just and reasonable rates for video common carriage services.

III. Price Cap Index Calculation

Bell Atlantic's waiver petition relies on the argument that it is unable to calculate either its 1996 Price Cap Index (PCI) or its 1996 Actual Price Index (API), since its video dialtone service was not available in 1995. MCI concurs. However, if Bell Atlantic continues its video dialtone service, and if the Commission maintains price cap regulation of this service, Bell Atlantic will be able to calculate the PCI and API for its 1997 tariff filing.

IV. Requirement That The Size Of The Video Dialtone Service Offering Exceed A De Minimis Threshold Level

Bell Atlantic also argues that the order mandating a separate price cap basket "is subject to a requirement that the size of the video dialtone service offering exceed a de minimis threshold level." The Commission has not made a separate price cap basket subject to video dialtone service exceeding a de minimis threshold level. The threshold level refers only to the computation of LEC's interstate earnings for purposes of sharing and low-end adjustments. A separate price cap basket could still be relevant for pricing purposes, even if service demand is minimal.

Moreover, the Commission has stated that "de minimis" refers to a minimal level of investment, not demand.

Once a LEC's costs rise above a *de minimis* level, however, we will require the LEC to exclude video dialtone costs and revenues from its interstate rate of return calculations for sharing and the low-end adjustment.⁵

Given the tremendous investments Bell Atlantic has already made in order to make video capacity available to Dover Township subscribers, Bell Atlantic should not assume the Commission may not require it to segregate its video dialtone related costs from its other costs.

⁴Bell Atlantic Petition, p. 2.

⁵ In the Matter of Price Cap Performance Review for Local Exchange Carriers; Treatment of Video Dialtone Services Under Price Cap Regulation, Second Report and Order and Third Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, 10 FCC Red 11098, 11105.

V. Conclusion

MCI does not object to Bell Atlantic's request that the Commission waive its

requirement that Bell Atlantic calculate its Price Cap Index and Actual Price Index for

1996 for the purposes of its annual access tariff filing. MCI recommends the Commission

reject all other assertions raised by Bell Atlantic in its petition. First, the 1996 Act does

not invalidate rules the Commission has already adopted requiring a separate video

dialtone price cap basket. Second, the "de minimis" language does not support an

argument that a separate price cap basket for video dialtone service may be delayed. The

Commission intended the price cap rules and regulations adopted in CC Docket 94-1 to

apply immediately to the LECs. The Commission only intended to delay computation of

LEC's interstate earnings for purposes of sharing and low-end adjustments until

investments exceeded a minimum level.

Respectfully submitted,

MCI TELECOMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION

Lawrence Fenster

Senior Regulatory Analyst

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March 1, 1996

5

STATEMENT OF VERIFICATION

I have read the foregoing and, to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief, there is good ground to support it, and it is not interposed for delay. I verify under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed on March 1, 1996.

Lawrence Fenster

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Stan Miller, do hereby certify that copies of the foregoing Comments were sent via first class mail, postage paid, to the following on this 1st day of March, 1996.

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Stan Miller